LEAVES LOOK LIKE DUCK FEET

WATER OAK

QUERCUS NIGRA

Water oaks are part of the red oak group and are native to the eastern U.S. While they are a good food source for animals, water oaks tend to have poor unions and are prone to breaking. Many trees retain green leaves throughout the winter. Water oaks can handle many types of soil conditions and are often found along streams as well as backyards.



TYPE:

Deciduous



SIZE:

80 feet high 60 feet wide



SUN:

Full sun



FLOWERS:

Separate male and female flowers called catkins on same tree



USDA ZONES:

6-9



ID TIPS:

Leaves look like a duck foot with two lobes on each side of a lobe at the end of the leaf. Bark is grayish black, with shallow, irregular fissures.



WILDLIFE VALUE:

The acorns are eaten by a variety of wildlife: squirrels, deer, raccoons, chipmunks, pigs and many birds (blue jays, crows, red-headed woodpeckers, turkey, quail, ducks).



INTERESTING FACT:

Water oaks require pruning when young to create strong structures.

