CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT AN ENTERPRISE FUND OF THE CITY OF CHARLOTTE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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Report of Independent Auditor

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council Charlotte, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets of the City of Charlotte Airport (the "Airport"), an enterprise fund of the City of Charlotte, North Carolina (the "City"), as of June 30, 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of Airport management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Airport and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Airport as of June 30, 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the Airport taken as a whole. The Additional Information and the Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Additional Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The Certification of the Chief Financial Officer has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Raleigh, North Carolina March 12, 2013

Chemmy Rouled LLP

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Airport's (an enterprise fund of the City of Charlotte) financial statements presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Airport's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in millions of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Airport exceeded its liabilities at the end of 2012 by \$1,079.5 (net assets). Of this
 amount, \$365.6 (unrestricted net assets), or 34 percent, is available to support operations and capital
 programs.
- The overall financial position of the Airport improved in 2012 as evidenced by an increase in total net assets of \$60.4.
- The Airport continued collecting Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) during fiscal year 2012 in the amount of \$53.1.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists primarily of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the financial statements, and additional information pertaining to the change in net assets for included and excluded centers as well as schedules of cash deposits and withdrawals by bond issue. The financial statement section includes notes to the financial statements that provide explanations and detailed data (pages 13-24).

The statement of net assets includes all of the Airport's assets and liabilities. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets accounts for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the Airport's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Airport's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Airport's net assets are one indicator of whether financial health is improving or deteriorating.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AIRPORT AS A WHOLE

Net Assets. A summary of the Airport's net assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011 is presented below:

Net Assets

(in Millions)

	2012		2011
Current and other assets	\$	990.3	\$ 802.8
Capital assets		1,007.0	964.8
Total assets		1,997.3	1,767.6
Current liabilities		68.2	63.1
Noncurrent liabilities		849.6	685.4
Total liabilities		917.8	748.5
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt		401.9	387.5
Restricted		312.0	239.7
Unrestricted		365.6	391.9
Total net assets	\$	1,079.5	\$ 1,019.1

A primary portion of the Airport's net assets (37 percent) is comprised of its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, runways, etc.), less any related outstanding debt. These capital assets are used to provide services; therefore, they are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the Airport's net assets (29 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions. The remaining balance, \$365.6 or 34 percent, consists of unrestricted net assets that may be used to support operations and capital programs.

Restricted net assets increased by \$72.3. This is mainly due to collections of passenger facility charges, which are restricted for use on Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved projects.

Changes in net assets. The following table presents the Airport's changes in net assets for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

Changes in Net Assets (in Millions)

	2012		2011	
Revenues				
Operating revenues:				
Terminal area	\$	29.7	\$	29.0
Airfield		14.6		13.4
Concessions		42.2		40.1
Parking		38.6		37.2
Maintenance facility		7.1		7.3
Other		25.8		24.0
Nonoperating revenue:				
Passenger facility charges		53.1		54.7
Contract facility charges		8.9		7.3
Investment earnings		4.2		5.3
Total revenues		224.2		218.3
Expenses			,	
Operating		117.3		114.3
Interest and other charges		34.0		29.1
Other		17.9		17.6
Total expenses		169.2		161.0
Capital contributions		5.4		30.5
Increase in net assets		60.4		87.8
Net assets – beginning		1,019.1		931.3
Net assets – ending	\$	1,079.5	\$	1,019.1

Airport operating revenues were derived primarily from the terminal area, concessions and parking (70 percent). Total revenues increased 3 percent due in part to an increase in rental car contract days and increase in rates charged for services in 2012.

Operating expenses cover a range of areas with the largest being the terminal area. Total operating expenses increased 3 percent due in part to increased fuel costs, the expansion of runways and issuing new debt.

User rates and fees are established to provide for operating expenses, debt service costs and adequate working capital.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2012, the Airport had \$1,007 (net of accumulated depreciation) in capital assets consisting primarily of land, buildings and runways. This amount represents a net increase of \$42.2, or 4 percent over 2011.

This year's major capital asset additions were land acquisition, runway improvements and ticket lobby renovations. At June 30, 2012, unexpended authorized capital projects totaled \$299.9. These projects are primarily for expansion and improvements. The Airport has plans to issue debt to finance these projects in addition to using resources currently available.

More detailed information about the Airport's capital assets is presented in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

The Airport had \$860.1 and \$697.4 of revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. This was an increase of \$162.7, or 23 percent from last year.

More detailed information about the Airport's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND RATES

The following economic factors impact the Airport's outlook:

- The Airport ranks as the nation's 6th busiest airport in operations, 11th in passengers and 33rd in cargo.
- Airport revenues are expected to increase 10.5 percent largely due to cargo area and ground rent increases. Operating expenses are also expected to increase 10.5 percent. This increase is due primarily to increased transfers to debt service funds.
- Several improvement projects are underway including construction of the Airport's new Hourly Parking Deck and Rental Car Facility, and construction of the Airport's new entrance road from Interstate-85.

CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide investors and creditors with a general overview of the Airport's finances and to demonstrate the Airport's accountability. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the City of Charlotte's Finance Department, 600 East Fourth Street, Charlotte, NC 28202-2848.

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CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

<u>ASSETS</u>

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	678,473
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$247-		
Accounts		20,248
Other		2,004
Total receivables		22,252
Due from other governmental agencies		3,318
Restricted assets-		
Cash and cash equivalents		66,521
Investments		197,913
Total restricted assets		264,434
Total current assets		968,477
Noncurrent assets:		
Deferred charges		14,726
Other postemployment benefit assets		7,078
Capital assets (Note 2)-		
Land		297,504
Buildings		626,667
Runways		392,108
Other improvements		85,647
Machinery and equipment		34,785
Construction in progress	_	104,231
Total capital assets		1,540,942
Less accumulated depreciation		533,894
Total capital assets, net		1,007,048
Total noncurrent assets	_	1,028,852
Total assets		1,997,329

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>LIABILITIES</u>

		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	19,181
Deposits and retainage payable		1,492
Due to component unit		242
Current maturities of long-term liabilities		770
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets-		
Accounts payable		3,865
Deposits and retainage payable		2,169
Accrued interest payable		19,846
Revenue bonds payable		20,670
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets		46,550
Total current liabilities		68,235
Nanayanant linkiliting (Alata 2)		
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 3):		
Revenue bonds payable - net of deferred		040 004
amounts on refunding and premiums of \$8,931		848,881
Compensated absences payable		742
Total noncurrent liabilities		849,623
Total liabilities		917,858
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		401,919
Restricted for:		
Debt service		52,106
Passenger facility charges		215,358
Contract facility charges		22,851
Working capital		21,606
Unrestricted		365,631
Total net assets	\$	1,079,471
Total flot accord	<u>Ψ</u>	1,010,711

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

OPERATING REVENUES:		
Terminal area	\$ 29,66	34
Airfield	14,63	33
Concessions	42,23	35
Parking	38,55	50
Maintenance facility	7,06	32
Other	25,84	1 5
Total operating revenues	157,98	39
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Terminal area	42,55	58
Services facility	13,75	50
Public airfield facilities	3,66	39
Fixed base operator area	15,40)1
Cargo area	3,97	72
Depreciation	37,93	<u>35</u>
Total operating expenses	117,28	35
Operating income	40,70)4
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Passenger facility charges	53,09)4
Contract facility charges	8,90)7
Investment earnings	4,21	17
Interest expense and other charges	(33,95	54)
Non-airline terminal revenue distribution	(17,91	13)
Miscellaneous	(5	55)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	14,29	<u> 96</u>
Income before contributions	55,00)0
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	5,39	<u> 96</u>
Change in net assets	60,39) 6
Total net assets - beginning	1,019,07	75
Total net assets - ending	\$ 1,079,47	71

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from customers	\$	165,747
Payments to suppliers		(54,582)
Payments to other City funds for services		(9,650)
Payments to employees		(15,835)
Payments to airlines for non-airline		(-,,
terminal revenue distribution		(18,577)
Other receipts		31
Net cash provided by operating activities		67,134
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from capital debt		205,387
Passenger facility charges		52,933
Contract facility charges		8,744
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(78,837)
Principal paid on capital debt		(38,840)
Interest and other charges paid on capital debt		(32,840)
Capital contributions		23,258
Net cash provided by capital and related		
financing activities		139,805
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of investments		(279,582)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments		150,443
Interest received		3,958
Net cash used by investing activities		(125,181)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		81,758
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		663,236
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	744,994
CC	ontinued on	next page

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH

PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Operating income	\$ 40,704
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash provided by operating activities-	
Depreciation	37,935
Other receipts	31
Non-airline terminal revenue distribution	(18,577)
Change in assets and liabilities-	
Decrease in receivables	7,758
(Increase) in due from other governmental agencies	(106)
Decrease in other postemployment benefit assets	41
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(1,020)
Increase in deposits and retainage payable	153
Increase in due to component unit	135
Increase in compensated absences payable	80
Total adjustments	 26,430
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 67,134

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present only the activities and resources of the City of Charlotte Airport, an enterprise fund of the City of Charlotte, North Carolina, and, accordingly, do not purport to and do not present the financial position of the City of Charlotte, North Carolina.

b. Basis of Presentation

The City of Charlotte Airport (Airport) is an enterprise fund of the City of Charlotte (City) that accounts for the operations of the Charlotte/Douglas International Airport. All assets and liabilities associated with the Airport's activities are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Airport financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The Airport has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments

The City maintains a cash management pool (pool) that is used by the Airport and other funds of the City. The pool facilitates disbursement and investment and maximizes investment income. Since the Airport may deposit additional amounts at any time and may withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty, the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account. Therefore, for the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows, pooled cash is considered cash and cash equivalents. The restricted cash and cash equivalents/investments are held by trustees as required by revenue bond covenants. All restricted money market funds are considered cash and cash equivalents. The remaining amount of restricted assets is considered investments.

Deposits

All deposits of the City are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State statutes. The City may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

All of the City's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using the Pooling Method. Under the Pooling Method, a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agent in the City's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Investments

State statute 159-30 authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements having third-party safekeeping; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC registered mutual fund. The City is not authorized to enter into reverse repurchase agreements.

The restricted investments at June 30, 2012, stated at fair value, were \$197,913 and were invested as follows: \$31,358 in U.S. Agencies and \$166,555 in NCCMT. All investments have maturities of less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. Although the City does not have a formal investment policy, internal investment guidelines prohibit maturities longer than five years which helps manage exposure to fair value losses in rising interest rate environments.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NSRO's). Although the City had no formal policy on managing credit risk, internal investment guidelines for commercial paper require at least two ratings from either Standard & Poor's (S&P), Fitch Ratings (Fitch), or Moody's Investors Service (Moody's). As of June 30, 2012, the Airport's investment in the NCCMT Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by S&P. The Airport's investments in U.S. Agencies (Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Banks) are rated AA+ by S&P and Aaa by Moody's.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2012, the City had no investments subject to custodial credit risk. The City had no formal policy on custodial credit risk. However, the City's internal policy limits custodial credit risk by providing that security in the collateral be delivered to a third party safekeeping bank designated by the City.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's informal investment policy limits the amount of commercial paper or bankers acceptances to a maximum of 25 percent of the portfolio. For commercial paper, a maximum of \$20 million may be invested in any one issuer. For bankers' acceptances, the maximum investment is limited to 10 percent of the portfolio for any one issuer.

d. Capital Assets

Capital assets are assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5 and are reported at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings25 yearsRunways33 yearsOther Improvements25 yearsMachinery and Equipment4-30 years

Net interest cost on debt issued to finance the construction of capital assets was capitalized during the construction period in the amount of \$1,972 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

e. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation leave at the rate of 10 to 20 days per year and can accrue a maximum of 20 to 40 days, depending on length of service. Unused vacation days are payable upon termination, resignation, retirement or death.

Employees accumulate sick leave at the rate of one day per month and can accrue an unlimited number of days. Sick leave can be taken for personal illness or illness of a member of the immediate family. Sick leave is lost upon termination or resignation. However, twenty percent of outstanding sick leave, with a maximum of 43.5 days, is payable upon retirement or death.

Compensated absences payable includes accumulated unpaid vacation leave and sick leave.

f. Noncurrent Liabilities

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts and any deferred amounts on refunding. The deferred amount on refunding is the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is amortized as a component of interest expense, using the straight-line basis, over the life of the old debt or new debt, whichever is shorter.

g. Net Assets

Net assets are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, bond covenants, regulations of other governments or by State statute.

h. Revenues

The primary sources of revenue at the Airport are fees and charges paid by the airlines and revenues paid by concessionaires providing services to the general public. Signatory airline terminal and airfield rates and charges are governed by twenty-five or thirty year lease agreements, and concession revenues are established by leases of varying methodologies and terms. The airlines are assessed four categories of fees and charges: rent, airport services, maintenance and operation fees, and landing fees. Airline fees and charges are established at a level adequate to recover the related services and facilities costs. Concession revenues are generated either through fixed annual charges or on the basis of a percentage of sales generated by the tenants' operations.

The Airport distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Airport's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Airport result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the Airport. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

2. CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Balance Increases Decreas		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 291,994	\$ 5,510	\$ -	\$ 297,504
Construction in progress	80,607	78,503	54,879	104,231
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	372,601	84,013	54,879	401,735
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	618,045	8,622	-	626,667
Runways	356,693	35,415	-	392,108
Other improvements	80,318	5,329	-	85,647
Machinery and equipment	33,234	1,812	261	34,785
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,088,290	51,178	261	1,139,207
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	353,461	21,040	-	374,501
Runways	100,698	10,963	-	111,661
Other improvements	27,313	3,302	-	30,615
Machinery and equipment	14,664	2,630	177	17,117
Total accumulated depreciation	496,136	37,935	177	533,894
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	592,154	13,243	84	605,313
Capital assets, net	\$ 964,755	\$ 97,256	\$ 54,963	\$1,007,048

3. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:

A summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012, follows by type:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds:					
1998 series, 5.6% due 2028	\$ 86,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,000	\$ -
2000 series, 7.8% due 2028	28,910	-	-	28,910	-
2004 series A, 4.8% to 5.3% due 2024-2035	87,095	-	-	87,095	-
2004 series B, 4.8% to 5.3% due 2013-2024	48,465	-	2,980	45,485	3,135
2007 series A, 4.0% to 5.0% due 2013-2038	94,960	-	1,890	93,070	1,965
2007 series B, variable rate due 2013-2038	41,355	-	13,975	27,380	615
2008 series D, variable rate due 2013-2035	39,960	-	395	39,565	410
2009 series B, 3.0% to 5.0% due 2013-2017	44,605	-	6,740	37,865	6,945
2010 series A, 2.0% to 5.5% due 2013-2040	130,100	-	2,240	127,860	2,280
2010 series B, 1.3% to 5.5% due 2013-2029	65,000	-	2,665	62,335	2,750
2010 series C, variable rate due 2013-2040	30,920		7,955	22,965	440
2011 series A, 2.0% to 5.0% due 2013-2042	-	76,100	-	76,100	870
2011 series B, 2.0% to 5.0% due 2013-2042	-	34,250	-	34,250	385
2011 series C, variable rate due 2013-2042	-	30,920	-	30,920	350
2011 series CONRAC, 2.5% to 6.1% due 2042		60,295		60,295	
Total revenue bonds	697,370	201,565	38,840	860,095	20,145
Less deferred amounts on refunding	(2,414)	-	(269)	(2,145)	(269)
Plus unamortized premiums	8,510	3,822	731	11,601	794
Total bonds payable net of deferred amounts on refunding	703,466	205,387	39,302	869,551	20,670
Compensated absences	1,432	1,100	1,020	1,512	770
Total noncurrent liabilities net of deferred amounts on refunding					
and unamortized premium	\$ 704,898	\$206,487	\$ 40,322	\$871,063	\$ 21,440

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 20,145	\$ 38,463	\$ 58,608
2014	21,910	36,687	58,597
2015	23,745	35,864	59,609
2016	24,745	34,912	59,657
2017	25,825	33,910	59,735
2018-2022	100,435	157,098	257,533
2023-2027	138,375	132,826	271,201
2028-2032	268,465	72,151	340,616
2033-2037	144,600	35,551	180,151
2038-2042	91,850	8,882	100,732
	\$860,095	\$586,344	\$1,446,439

In December 1985 and May 1987, the City issued \$108,780 and \$75,880, respectively, of Airport Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing or reimbursing the cost of improvements and expansion of the Airport and to redeem bond anticipation notes. The 1985 bonds were advance refunded in June 1993 and replaced with 1993 Airport Refunding Revenue Bonds. The 1993 bonds were refunded in February 2009 and replaced with 2009 Airport Refunding Revenue Bonds. The 1987 bonds were refunded in June 1997 and replaced with 1997 Airport Refunding Revenue Bonds.

In February 2009, the City issued \$51,180 fixed rate Airport Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.50 to 5.00 percent to refund \$62,100 of outstanding variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds Series 1993A. The net proceeds of \$52,995 (after payment of \$941 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) and \$14,502 in debt service funds of the 1993A bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities and fund the debt service reserve fund for the 2009 bonds. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over a period of eight years by \$38,877 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$35,620.

In June 1987 and December 1988, the City issued \$67,000 and \$19,762, respectively, of Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds to finance the construction of an aircraft hangar, a ground services equipment building and other facilities to be leased to US Airways Group, Inc. The 1987 and 1988 bonds were refunded in March 1998 and replaced with \$66,300 of 1998 Airport Refunding Revenue Bonds. The March 1998 issue also included an additional \$19,700 of Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds for improvements of other airport facilities to be leased to US Airways Group, Inc.

In December 1999, the City issued \$191,060 of Airport Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing or reimbursing the cost of improvements and expansion of the Airport. Of the \$191,060 revenue bonds, \$102,255 had fixed interest rates and \$88,805 had variable interest rates. In August 2007, the City issued \$99,995 of fixed rate Airport Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 4.82 percent to advance refund \$7,950 of outstanding Airport Revenue Bonds Series 1999A with an average interest rate of 5.75 percent.

In November 2008, the City issued \$24,480 variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds to refund \$28,805 of outstanding variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds Series 1999D. The net proceeds of \$24,258 and \$6,439 in debt service reserve funds of the 1999D bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities and fund the debt service reserve fund for the 2008 bonds. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over a period of 21 years by \$26,683 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$19,310.

In February 2010, the City issued \$197,870 fixed rate Airport Revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.25 to 5.50 percent to refund \$69,750 of outstanding Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B. The net proceeds of \$199,074 (after payment of \$2,039 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issue costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities, acquire and construct certain improvements to the Airport, and fund the debt service reserve fund for the 2010 bonds. The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$1,143. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from revenue bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2029 using the effective-interest method. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over a period of 19 years by \$7,105 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$4,645.

In September 2000, the City issued \$34,700 of Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds to finance the design, acquisition, construction and equipping of certain Airport related facilities to be leased to US Airways Group, Inc.

In September 2004, the City issued \$166,935 of Airport Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing or reimbursing the cost of improvements and expansion of the Airport. Of the \$166,935 revenue bonds, \$150,775 had fixed interest rates and \$16,160 had variable interest rates.

In November 2008, the City issued \$16,105 variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds to refund \$14,845 of outstanding variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds Series 2004D. The net proceeds of \$15,958 and \$125 in debt service funds of the 2004D bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities and fund the debt service reserve fund for the 2008 bonds. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over a period of 26 years by \$11,646 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$8,190.

In November 2011, the City issued \$60,295 of Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds to finance the design, equipping, development, construction, and furnishing of a new consolidated rental car facility (CONRAC) at the Airport.

On October 3, 2011, the City early extinguished \$9,405 of variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B.

On October 3, 2011, the City early extinguished \$7,395 of variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2010C.

On December 1, 2011, the City early extinguished \$3,695 of variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B.

Interest on the variable-rate bonds is determined by a remarketing agent based upon market conditions.

The Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds are payable solely from and secured solely by a pledge of debt service rentals pursuant to a Special Facility Lease (Lease) agreement with US Airways Group, Inc.

The Revenue and Special Facility Revenue Bonds do not constitute a legal or equitable pledge, charge, lien or encumbrance upon any of the City's property or upon any of its income, receipts or revenues, except as provided in the Revenue Bond Order or Lease. Neither the credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged for the payment of the principal or interest and no owner has the right to compel the exercise of the taxing power of the City or the forfeiture of any of its property in connection with any default under the Revenue Bond Order or Lease.

The Revenue Bond Order provided for the establishment of a special fund designated the Revenue Fund into which the City is required to deposit most Airport revenues upon receipt. Moneys on deposit in this fund will be applied at such times and in accordance with the priorities established by the Revenue Bond Order. Moneys in the Revenue Fund are required to be transferred to the following funds, established pursuant to the Revenue Bond Order, in the following order of priority: the Operating Fund, the Revenue Bond Fund and the Renewal and Improvement Fund.

The principal and interest on the Revenue Bonds are payable from net revenues of the Airport. Pursuant to the Revenue Bond Order, the City has covenanted to fix, charge and collect rates, fees, rentals and charges for the use of the Airport and to revise such rates, fees, rentals and charges as often as necessary to produce revenues at least equal to the amounts required to be transferred to the funds indicated above plus an amount sufficient to have on deposit in the Revenue Fund, as of the first business day of the next fiscal year, an amount equal to the Coverage factor for the preceding fiscal year. The Coverage factor is equal to 25 percent of the amounts required to be deposited to the Revenue Bond Fund for the principal and interest payments for the fiscal year. In addition, the Revenue Bond Order provided for the establishment of the following reserves:

- (1) In the Revenue Bond Fund an amount equal to the maximum principal and interest requirements for the Revenue Bonds for any current or succeeding fiscal year, \$40,698 in 2012.
- (2) In the Operating Fund an amount equal to one-third of the annual budget for current expenses, \$20,105 in 2012.

4. LEASE AGREEMENTS:

Airport facilities are leased primarily to the signatory airlines under agreements having terms of twenty-five or thirty years. Fees and charges under these agreements are computed in a manner designed to recover the cost of operating the Airport. Provisions in these agreements give the airlines the right to approve future expansion of the Airport Facilities and any issuance of new debt affecting the fees and charges to the airlines. Other provisions insure that sufficient fees and charges will be collected to meet Airport debt service requirements. In addition, the agreements provide for a distribution to the airlines of a portion of the non-airline terminal revenues.

The City has entered into a Special Facility lease agreement with US Airways Group, Inc. for land and a Special Facility. The Special Facility includes an aircraft hangar, a ground services equipment building and other facilities. The lease terminates thirty years from the date of beneficial occupancy, which was March 1987. Fees and charges under this agreement are computed in a manner designed to recover all principal, interest and expenses related to bonds issued for the construction of the Special Facility, all services rendered and expenses incurred for operation and maintenance of the leased premises and a ground rental fee.

The following is a schedule of minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases subsequent to June 30, 2012:

2013	\$ 35,734
2014	35,854
2015	35,975
2016	30,363
2017	7,056
2018-2022	35,283
2023-2027	35,283
2028	119,558
Total minumum future rental income	\$ 335,106

Of the \$335,106 minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases, \$266,154 relates to agreements with US Airways, Inc. See Note 9 for additional information related to US Airways, Inc.

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on the tenant's revenues, fuel flow or usage are not included above. Contingent rentals of approximately \$57,121 were received during the year ended June 30, 2012.

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE CITY OF CHARLOTTE:

Expenses include certain costs charged the Airport by other funds of the City. These charges are as follows:

Administrative and other City services \$ 5,243
Crash, fire and rescue services 4,407
\$ 9,650

6. PENSION PLAN AND OTHER BENEFITS:

a. North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS)

The Airport, as an enterprise fund of the City, contributes to the LGERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The LGERS is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the North Carolina Office of the State Controller, Accounting and Financial Reporting Section, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410.

Plan members are required to contribute 6.0 percent of their annual covered salary. The Airport is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Airport, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 6.88 percent and 7.05 percent, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Airport are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Airport's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$1,055, \$923 and \$692, respectively. The contributions made by the Airport equaled the required contributions for each year.

b. Other Post-employment Benefits

The Airport, as an enterprise fund of the City, participates in the City of Charlotte Employee Benefit Trust Plan (EBTP), a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Charlotte. The EBTP provides health and welfare benefit plans for the benefit of eligible retired employees of the City. Section 4.05 of the Charlotte City Code assigns the authority to establish benefit provisions for EBTP to the City Council. The EBTP is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Charlotte. The City's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for EBTP. That report may be obtained by writing to City of Charlotte, Finance Department – Financial Reporting, Charlotte-Mecklenburg Government Center, 600 East Fourth Street, 10th Floor, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202-2848.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. For retired employees, the City Council set the employer contribution rate based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or fund excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The Airport's contributions to EBTP for the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$357. Amounts previously contributed to prefund benefits are shown as a noncurrent asset on the Statement of Net Assets.

7. INSURANCE:

a. Employee Health and Life

The City provides health and life benefits to employees and retirees. Private companies administer these benefits pursuant to administrative services agreements. The City maintains insurance coverage with private carriers for life claims, vision claims, and excess coverage for health claims in excess of \$350 per year per person.

The Airport participates in the City's employee health and life insurance program which is accounted for in the Employee Health and Life Insurance Fund (EHLIF), an internal service fund, of the City. The Airport makes payments to the EHLIF for both an amount per employee and a proportionate share of the administrative cost. The amount per employee is based on actuarial estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The employees and retirees contribute a portion of the cost for health coverage. The City provides life insurance for employees in the amount of two times the employees' salary up to a maximum of \$100. Employees may purchase additional life insurance up to a maximum of four times their salary. The Airport made payments to the EHLIF for the year ended June 30, 2012 in the amount of \$1,645.

b. Risk Management

The Airport is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Airport participates in the risk management program of the City. The City has a Risk Management Fund (RMF), an internal service fund, to account for and finance its insured and uninsured risks of loss. Currently, insurance coverage is purchased for excess property damage for buildings and contents, excess workers' compensation, excess vehicle and general liability, property damage, and airport liability. Insurance coverage includes vehicle and general liability claims in excess of \$2,000 but less than \$22,000 per occurrence, workers' compensation claims in excess of \$2,000, property damage claims in excess of \$100 and flood insurance \$100,000 in all flood zones, except \$10,000 in flood zone A in excess of federal flood program maximums. The finance officer is bonded for \$100. Employees who handle funds or have access to inventories are bonded under a blanket bond for \$250. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. The actuarially determined losses for the remaining risks and deductible amounts are funded in the RMF. The Airport makes payments to the RMF based on historical cost information or actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. The Airport made payments to the RMF for the year ended June 30, 2012 in the amount of \$1,249.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Noise litigation suits have been filed against the City in connection with the operation of the Airport. In the opinion of the City's attorney and management, the ultimate outcome of the suits is not expected to have a significant impact upon the financial position or results of operations of the Airport.

The Airport has received a number of federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such reviews could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. The City management believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

The Airport has authorized capital projects at June 30, 2012 as follows:

 Project Authorization
 \$1,087,437

 Expended
 787,494

 Unexpended
 \$299,943

The Airport has construction and other contractual commitments of approximately \$184 million at June 30, 2012.

9. MAJOR CUSTOMER:

US Airways, Inc. (US Airways), a wholly owned subsidiary of US Airways Group, Inc., is the major passenger airline serving Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (Airport). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, US Airways and its affiliates provided 23.67 percent of the Airport's operating revenues.

US Airways conducts its passenger air carrier operations at the Airport pursuant to several agreements, the most significant of which is the City of Charlotte's 1985 Airport Agreements and Lease (Airport Agreement), which has also been executed by American Airlines, Continental Airlines, Delta Air Lines, Northwest Airlines, and United Airlines (collectively, the Signatory Airlines). Pursuant to the Airport Agreement, the Signatory Airlines lease certain premises in the passenger terminal building (terminal) and are obligated to pay landing fees and terminal rentals which, in the aggregate, are sufficient to enable the City to pay the annual operating expenses of the airfield and terminal, and the annual debt service on General Airport Revenue Bonds (GARBS) issued by the City to fund airfield and terminal improvements.

As of June 30, 2012, the City had \$684,890 of GARBS outstanding, the proceeds of which were used for airfield and terminal improvements. The GARBS are not general obligations of the City and are payable solely from revenues generated by the City in the airfield and terminal. The City has \$35,451 in reserve to pay principal and interest on GARBS.

In addition to the GARBS, the City has also issued Special Facility Revenue Bonds to finance the construction of crew training, airfield maintenance and other Airport facilities (Special Facilities) that are leased to US Airways by the City. As rental for the Special Facilities, US Airways is obligated to pay directly to the City a Ground Rental and an Airport Service Fee Rental. In addition, US Airways is obligated to pay directly to a Trustee for the benefit of bondholders a facility rental (Special Facilities Debt Service Rental) in an amount equal to the annual installments of principal and interest on the Special Facility Revenue Bonds. The Special Facilities Debt Service Rental is not a general obligation of the City. If US Airways fails to pay the Special Facilities Debt Service Rentals, the City is obligated to use reasonable efforts to re-let the Special Facilities to another tenant and apply the debt service rentals from such re-letting to the payment of the principal and interest on the Special Facility Revenue Bonds. The City is not obligated to make any payments relating to the Special Facilities or the Special Facility Revenue Bonds except for such debt service rentals as it receives from the tenant of the Special Facilities. As of June 30, 2012, there was \$114,910 of Special Facility Revenue Bonds outstanding. The Special Facility Revenue Bonds provide for the semi-annual payment of interest with a lump-sum payment of principal on the maturity date of the bonds. The Special Facility Revenue Bonds mature on July 1, 2027 and February 1, 2028.

10. DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE:

The 1985 Revenue Bond Order provided that Revenues pledged under the Bond Order be sufficient to meet Revenue Bond Debt Service, current expenses, and other required deposits to funds and accounts established by the Bond Order. Net Revenues for calculation of coverage as defined by the 1985 Bond Order are determined as follows:

Revenues

Operating revenues	\$ 128,195
Nonoperating revenues Bond cushion	355 11,408
Total revenues	139,958
Application of revenues	(61,711)
Net revenues available for revenue bond debt service (1)	\$ 78,247
Requirement for Revenue Bond Fund (2)	\$ 24,289
Debt Service Coverage (1)/(2)	3.2

11. PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES:

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) authorized the Airport to collect Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) of \$3 per qualifying enplaned passenger commencing November 1, 2004. The net receipts from PFC are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting and are restricted to use on FAA approved projects. The Airport has been authorized to collect PFC in the aggregate amount of \$1,039,776. Collections during fiscal year 2012 were \$53,094 and aggregate collections from inception through June 30, 2012 were \$356,153.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 1, 2012, the City early extinguished \$1,745 of variable rate Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B.

In February 2013, US Airways and American Airlines announced the proposed merger of US Airways and AMR Corporation, American Airlines' parent corporation. If approved by the Federal Trade Commission, the resulting airline would be called American Airlines and would be the largest passenger airline in the world. The City cannot currently anticipate any impact the proposed merger might have on the Airport.

On February 13, 2013, Senate Bill 81 was filed with the North Carolina General Assembly. The proposed bill would create the Charlotte Regional Airport Authority and transfer authority over the Airport from the City to the new airport authority. The City cannot currently anticipate any impact the legislation might have on the City or the Airport.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS - INCLUDED AND EXCLUDED CENTERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

	Included	Excluded	
	Centers	Centers	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Terminal area	\$ 29,601	\$ 63	\$ 29,664
Airfield	13,966	667	14,633
Concessions	42,074	161	42,235
Parking	38,550	-	38,550
Maintenance facility	· -	7,062	7,062
Other	4,004	21,841	25,845
Total operating revenues	128,195	29,794	157,989
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Terminal area	42,523	35	42,558
Services facility	13,750	=	13,750
Public airfield facilities	3,669	-	3,669
Fixed base operator area	-	15,401	15,401
Cargo area	-	3,972	3,972
Depreciation		37,935	37,935
Total operating expenses	_59,942	57,343	117,285
Operating income (loss)	68,253	(27,549)	40,704
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Passenger facility charges	-	53,094	53,094
Contract facility charges	-	8,907	8,907
Investment earnings	355	3,862	4,217
Interest expense and other charges	(29,125)	(4,829)	(33,954)
Non-airline terminal revenue distribution	(17,913)	=	(17,913)
Miscellaneous		(55)	(55)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(46,683)	60,979	14,296
Income before contributions	21,570	33,430	55,000
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	-	5,396	5,396
Change in net assets	\$ 21,570	\$ 38,826	\$ 60,396

Note: The Schedule of Change in Net Assets identifies current year activity in included centers and excluded centers.

Included centers are cost centers for the Terminal complex and Public Aircraft Facilities. Excluded centers are cost centers for those areas and parts of the Airport other than included centers, primarily cargo and fixed base operators. The 1985 Revenue Bond Order established included and excluded centers. Included center revenues are used for debt service expenditures except for debt service expenditures for the Special Facilities Revenue Bonds which are retired from debt service rentals as described in Note 3 to the Financial Statements.

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER FUNDS HELD BY CITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

	R	evenue Fund	Operati Fund	•	newal and provement Fund
Beginning balance	\$	67,429	\$	- \$ 17,113	\$ 1,500
Deposits:					
Operating revenue		130,708			-
PFC revenue		=			-
CFC revenue		=			-
Investment earnings		525			-
Interfund transfers		500	60,47	2,992	-
Transfers from capital project		1,358			-
Transfers from trustee		47		<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>
Total deposits		133,138	60,47	2,992	-
Withdrawals:					
Operating expense		-	60,47	- 2	-
Interfund transfers		109,977			-
Transfers to capital project		-			-
Transfers to trustee		24,313			=
Distribution to airlines of 40 percent share					
of excess non-airline terminal revenue				<u>-</u>	 _
Total withdrawals		134,290	60,47	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Ending balance	\$	66,277	\$	<u>\$ 20,105</u>	\$ 1,500

Discretionary	PFC	CFC	
Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
\$ 139,637	\$ 180,123	\$ 24,825	\$ 430,627
-	-	-	130,708
-	52,934		52,934
-	-	5,871	5,871
1,253	1,141	138	3,057
46,513	-	-	110,477
65,303	-	3,524	70,185
			47
113,069	54,075	9,533	373,279
-	-	-	60,472
500	-	-	110,477
5,359	2,557	9,461	17,377
-	22,107	4,566	50,986
18,578	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	18,578
24,437	24,664	14,027	257,890
\$ 228,269	\$ 209,534	\$ 20,331	\$ 546,016

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1987 SPECIAL FACILITY REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 1998 REFUNDING BONDS - REFUNDING BOND FUND
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

		nterest ccount
Beginning balance	\$	2,408
Deposits: Payments from US Airways Group, Inc.		4,816
Withdrawals: Interest Other debt expenditures		4,816 6
Total withdrawals	_	4,822
Ending balance	\$	2,402

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1987 SPECIAL FACILITY REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2000 SPECIAL FACILITY REVENUE BONDS - REVENUE BOND FUND
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Interest Account	
Beginning balance	\$	-
Deposits: Payments from US Airways Group, Inc.		2,247
Withdrawals: Interest Other debt expenditures		2,241 6
Total withdrawals		2,247
Ending balance	\$	

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2004 AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS - REVENUE BOND FUNDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Series A	Seri			
	Interest Account	Interest Account	Principal Account	Total	
Beginning balance	\$ 2,175	\$ 1,259	\$ 2,981	\$ 6,415	
Deposits:					
Transfers from City	4,355	2,365	3,135	9,855	
Investment earnings	1	1	2	4	
Total deposits	4,356	2,366	3,137	9,859	
Withdrawals:					
Interest	4,348	2,438	-	6,786	
Principal	-	-	2,980	2,980	
Other debt expenditures	7	5	-	12	
Transfers to City	1	1	1	3	
Total withdrawals	4,356	2,444	2,981	9,781	
Ending balance	\$ 2,175	\$ 1,181	\$ 3,137	\$ 6,493	

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2004 AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS - CONSTRUCTION FUNDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Series B	Series D	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 11,798	\$ 3,270	\$ 15,068
Deposits: Investment earnings	1		1
Ending balance	\$ 11,799	\$ 3,270	\$ 15,069

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2007 AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS - REVENUE BOND FUNDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Ser	ies A	Seri			
	Interest Account	Principal Account	Interest Account	Principal Account	Total	
Beginning balance	\$ 2,238	\$ 1,892	\$ -	\$ 875	\$ 5,005	
Deposits:						
Transfers from City	4,409	1,965	135	615	7,124	
Reimbursement from City	-	-	-	13,100	13,100	
Investment earnings		2	_	1	3	
Total deposits	4,409	1,967	135	13,716	20,227	
Withdrawals:						
Interest	4,435	-	50	-	4,485	
Principal	-	1,890	-	13,975	15,865	
Other debt expenditures	12	=	85	=	97	
Transfers to City	1	2		1	4	
Total withdrawals	4,448	1,892	135	13,976	20,451	
Ending balance	\$ 2,199	\$ 1,967	\$ -	\$ 615	\$ 4,781	

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2007 AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS - CONSTRUCTION FUND
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	S				
Beginning balance	\$	22,251			
Deposits: Investment earnings		12			
Withdrawals: Construction expense		4,664			
Ending balance	\$	17,599			

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2008D AIRPORT REFUNDING BONDS - REFUNDING BOND FUND
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Interest Account	Principal Account	Reserve Account	Total	
Beginning balance	\$ -	\$ 395	\$ 3,130	\$ 3,525	
Deposits:					
Transfers from City	337	410	-	747	
Withdrawals:					
Interest	62	-	-	62	
Principal	-	395	-	395	
Other debt expenditures	<u>275</u>			275	
Total withdrawals	337	395		732	
Ending balance	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 410	\$ 3,130	\$ 3,540	

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2009B AIRPORT REFUNDING BONDS - REFUNDING BOND FUND
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Interest Account	Principal Account	Reserve Account	Total	
Beginning balance	\$ 940	\$ 6,747	\$ 5,394	\$ 13,081	
Deposits:					
Transfers from City	1,679	6,945	-	8,624	
Investment earnings	1	6	-	7	
Total deposits	1,680	6,951	-	8,631	
Withdrawals:					
Interest	1,774	-	-	1,774	
Principal	-	6,740	-	6,740	
Other debt expenditures	6	-	-	6	
Transfers to City	1	7		8	
Total withdrawals	1,781	6,747		8,528	
Ending balance	\$ 839	<u>\$ 6,951</u>	\$ 5,394	\$ 13,184	

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2010A AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Re	evenue Bond Fu	nd		
	Interest Account	Principal Account	Reserve Account	Construction Account	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 3,156	\$ 2,241	\$ 9,022	\$ 31,613	\$ 46,032
Deposits:					
Transfers from City	6,263	2,288	-	-	8,551
Investment earnings	1	2	1	16	20
Total deposits	6,264	2,290	1	16	8,571
Withdrawals:					
Construction expense	-	-	-	8,723	8,723
Interest	6,285	-	-	-	6,285
Principal	_	2,240	-	-	2,240
Other debt expenditures	-	8	-	-	8
Transfers to City	2	1	15		18
Total withdrawals	6,287	2,249	15	8,723	17,274
Ending balance	\$ 3,133	\$ 2,282	\$ 9,008	\$ 22,906	\$ 37,329

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2010B AIRPORT REFUNDING BONDS - REFUNDING BOND FUND
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Interest Account	Principal Account	Reserve Account	Total	
Beginning balance	\$ 1,541	\$ 2,668	\$ 5,762	\$ 9,971	
Deposits:					
Transfers from City	3,007	2,750	-	5,757	
Investment earnings	1	2	1	4	
Total deposits	3,008	2,752	1	5,761	
Withdrawals:					
Interest	3,040	-	-	3,040	
Principal	-	2,665	-	2,665	
Other debt expenditures	8	-	-	8	
Transfers to City	1	3	10	14	
Total withdrawals	3,049	2,668	10	5,727	
Ending balance	\$ 1,500	\$ 2,752	\$ 5,753	\$ 10,005	

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2010C AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	R	evenue Bond Fu	nd		
	Interest Account	Principal Account	Reserve Account	Construction Account	Total
Beginning balance	\$ -	\$ 560	\$ 1,861	\$ 36	\$ 2,457
Deposits:					
Transfers from City	342	440	-	-	782
Interfund transfers	_	7,395		-	7,395
Total deposits	342	7,835	-	-	8,177
Withdrawals:					
Interest	36	-	-	-	36
Principal	-	7,955	-	-	7,955
Other debt expenditures	306			_	306
Total withdrawals	342	7,955		<u> </u>	8,297
Ending balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 440	\$ 1,861	\$ 36	\$ 2,337

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2011A AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

		Revenue Bond Fund										
		Interest Account		Principal Account		Reserve Account		Cost of Issuance Account		Construction Account		otal
Beginning balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Deposits:												
Bond proceeds		-		-		4,828		942	7	3,991	79	9,761
Transfers from City		2,241		870		-		-		-	3	3,111
Investment earnings		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		2				30		32
Total deposits		2,241		870		4,830		942	7	4,021	82	2,904
Withdrawals:												
Construction expense		-		-		-		=		6,955	(6,955
Transfer to 2011C Revenue												
Bond Fund		-		-		-		47		-		47
Cost of issuance	_	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		895				895
Total withdrawals		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		942		6,955		7,897
Ending balance	\$	2,241	\$	870	\$	4,830	\$		\$ 6	7,066	\$ 75	5,007

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2011B AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

				Reven	ue Bond	d Fund						
		Interest Account		Principal Account		Reserve Account		Cost of Issuance Account		Construction Account		
Beginning balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	-
Deposits: Bond proceeds Transfers from City Investment earnings		- 029 -		385		2,200		424		1,788	34,412 1,414 11	1 <u> </u>
Total deposits Withdrawals: Construction expense Cost of issuance		029 - <u>-</u>		385 - <u>-</u>		2,201 - -		424 - 405		:1,798 :2,618 	35,837 22,618 405	3
Total withdrawals						<u> </u>		405	2	2,618	23,023	<u>s</u>
Ending balance	\$ 1,	029	\$	385	\$	2,201	\$	19	\$	9,180	\$ 12,814	ļ

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 1985 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2011C AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Revenue Bond Fund												
	Interest Account			Principal Account		Reserve Account		Cost of Issuance Account		Construction Account			Total
Beginning balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	9	3	-	\$	-	\$	-
Deposits:													
Bond proceeds		-		-		1,856		28	6	28	8,778		30,920
Transfers from City		29		350		-		7	6		-		455
Transfer from 2011A Revenue													
Bond Fund		_		-		-		4	7		-		47
Investment earnings			_		_		-		<u>-</u>		7	_	7
Total deposits		29		350		1,856		40	9	28	8,785		31,429
Withdrawals:													
Construction expense		-		-		-			-	2	7,244		27,244
Interest		29		-		-			-		-		29
Other debt expenditures		_		-		-		7	6		-		76
Cost of issuance		<u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u>	_	33	3				333
Total withdrawals		29			_		_	40	9	2	7,244	_	27,682
Ending balance	\$		\$	350	\$	1,856	9	3	_	\$	1,541	\$	3,747

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF CASH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS FROM FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS
ESTABLISHED BY THE 2011 REVENUE BOND ORDER
FOR THE 2011CFC AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS
FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(In Thousands)

	Interest Account	Principal Account	Reserve Account	Revenue Account	Rolling Coverage Account	Supplemental Reserve Account	Cost of Issuance Account	Construction Account	Total
Beginning balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Deposits:									
Bond proceeds	-	-	4,449	-	-	=	842	55,004	60,295
CFC revenues	-	-	-	2,873	-	=	-	-	2,873
Transfers from City	1,099	130	-	-	1,112	2,225	-	-	4,566
Intrafund transfers	1,100	129	-	-	-	=	-	-	1,229
Investment earnings		-	2			-	12	10	24
Total deposits	2,199	259	4,451	2,873	1,112	2,225	854	55,014	68,987
Withdrawals:									
Construction expense	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	6,794	6,794
Intrafund transfers	-	-	-	1,229	-	=	-	-	1,229
Cost of issuance	-				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	854		854
Total withdrawals	<u>-</u>			1,229		<u>-</u> _	854	6,794	8,877
Ending balance	\$ 2,199	\$ 259	\$ 4,451	\$ 1,644	\$ 1,112	\$ 2,225	<u> </u>	\$ 48,220	\$ 60,110

CITY OF CHARLOTTE AIRPORT CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

- 1. As of June 30, 2012 none of the covenants or agreements contained in the 1985 Revenue Bond Order or the 1987 Special Facility Revenue Bond Order were violated.
- 2. During the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012 no default, as defined in the 1985 Revenue Bond Order or the 1987 Special Facility Revenue Bond Order, occurred.

Greg C. Gaskins

Chief Financial Officer

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